

Elliptic Curves

(PARI-GP version 2.15.3)

An elliptic curve is initially given by 5-tuple $v = [a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_6]$ attached to Weierstrass model or simply $[a_4, a_6]$. It must be converted to an *ell* struct.

Initialize *ell* struct over domain D **E = ellinit**($v, \{D = 1\}$)
over **Q** $D = 1$
over **F_p** $D = p$
over **F_q**, $q = p^f$ $D = \text{ffgen}([p, f])$
over **Q_p**, precision n $D = O(p^n)$
over **C**, current bitprecision $D = 1.0$
over number field K $D = nf$

Points are **[x,y]**, the origin is **[0]**. Struct members accessed as **E.member**:

- All domains: **E.a1,a2,a3,a4,a6, b2,b4,b6,b8, c4,c6, disc, j**
- E defined over **R** or **C**
 - x -coords. of points of order 2 **E.roots**
 - periods / quasi-periods **E.omega, E.eta**
 - volume of complex lattice **E.area**
- E defined over **Q_p**
 - residual characteristic **E.p**
 - If $|j|_p > 1$: Tate's $[u^2, u, q, [a, b], \mathcal{L}]$ **E.tate**
- E defined over **F_q**
 - characteristic **E.p**
 - $\#E(\mathbf{F}_q)/\text{cyclic structure/generators}$ **E.no, E.cyc, E.gen**
- E defined over **Q**
 - generators of $E(\mathbf{Q})$ (require **elldata**) **E.gen**
 - $[a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_6]$ from j -invariant **ellfromj(j)**
 - cubic/quartic/biquadratic to Weierstrass **ellfromeqn(eq)**
 - add points $P + Q$ / $P - Q$ **elladd(E, P, Q), ellsub**
 - negate point **ellneg(E, P)**
 - compute $n \cdot P$ **ellmul(E, P, n)**
 - sum of Galois conjugates of P **elltrace(E, P)**
 - check if P is on E **ellisoncurve(E, P)**
 - order of torsion point P **ellorder(E, P)**
 - y -coordinates of point(s) for x **ellordinate(E, x)**
 - $[\wp(z), \wp'(z)] \in E(\mathbf{C})$ attached to $z \in \mathbf{C}$ **ellztopoint(E, z)**
 - $z \in \mathbf{C}$ such that $P = [\wp(z), \wp'(z)]$ **ellpointtoz(E, P)**
 - $z \in \bar{\mathbf{Q}}^*/q^{\mathbf{Z}}$ to $P \in E(\bar{\mathbf{Q}}_p)$ **ellztopoint(E, z)**
 - $P \in E(\bar{\mathbf{Q}}_p)$ to $z \in \bar{\mathbf{Q}}^*/q^{\mathbf{Z}}$ **ellpointtoz(E, P)**
- Change of Weierstrass models, using** $v = [u, r, s, t]$
- change curve E using v **ellchangecurve(E, v)**
- change point P using v **ellchangepoint(P, v)**
- change point P using inverse of v **ellchangepointinv(P, v)**
- Twists and isogenies**
- quadratic twist **elltwtst(E, d)**
- n -division polynomial $f_n(x)$ **elldivpol(E, n, {x})**
- $[n]P = (\phi_n \psi_n : \omega_n : \psi_n^3)$; return (ϕ_n, ψ_n^2) **ellxn(E, n, {x})**
- isogeny from E to E/G **ellisogeny(E, G)**
- apply isogeny to g (point or isogeny) **ellisogenyapply(f, g)**
- torsion subgroup with generators **elltors(E)**
- Formal group**
- formal exponential, n terms **ellformalexp(E, {n}, {x})**
- formal logarithm, n terms **ellformalog(E, {n}, {x})**
- $\log_E(-x(P)/y(P)) \in \mathbf{Q}_p$; $P \in E(\mathbf{Q}_p)$ **ellpadiclog(E, p, n, P)**
- P in the formal group **ellformalpoint(E, {n}, {x})**
- $[\omega/dt, x\omega/dt]$ **ellformaldifferential(E, {n}, {x})**
- $w = -1/y$ in parameter $-x/y$ **ellformalw(E, {n}, {x})**

Curves over finite fields, Pairings

random point on E **random(E)**
 $\#E(\mathbf{F}_q)$ **ellcard(E)**
 $\#E(\mathbf{F}_q)$ with almost prime order **ellsea(E, {tors})**
structure $\mathbf{Z}/d_1\mathbf{Z} \times \mathbf{Z}/d_2\mathbf{Z}$ of $E(\mathbf{F}_q)$ **ellgroup(E)**
is E supersingular? **ellissupersingular(E)**
Weil pairing of m -torsion pts P, Q **ellweilpairing(E, P, Q, m)**
Tate pairing of P, Q ; P m -torsion **elltatepairing(E, P, Q, m)**
Discrete log, find n s.t. $P = [n]Q$ **elllog(E, P, Q, {ord})**

Curves over Q

Reduction, minimal model

minimal model of E/\mathbf{Q} **ellminimalmodel(E, {\&v})**
quadratic twist of minimal conductor **ellminimaltwist(E)**
 $[k]P$ with good reduction **ellnonsingularmultiple(E, P)**
 E supersingular at p ? **ellissupersingular(E, p)**
affine points of naïve height $\leq h$ **ellratpoints(E, h)**

Complex heights

canonical height of P **ellheight(E, P)**
canonical bilinear form taken at P, Q **ellheight(E, P, Q)**
height regulator matrix for pts in L **ellheightmatrix(E, L)**

p-adic heights

cyclotomic p -adic height of $P \in E(\mathbf{Q})$ **ellpadicheight(E, p, n, P)**
... bilinear form at $P, Q \in E(\mathbf{Q})$ **ellpadicheight(E, p, n, P, Q)**
... matrix at vector for pts in L **ellpadicheightmatrix(E, p, n, L)**
... regulator for canonical height **ellpadicregulator(E, p, n, Q)**
Frobenius on $\mathbf{Q}_p \otimes H_{dR}^1(E/\mathbf{Q})$ **ellpadicfrobenius(E, p, n)**
slope of unit eigenvector of Frobenius **ellpads2(E, p, n)**

Isogenous curves

matrix of isogeny degrees for **Q**-isog. curves **ellisomat(E)**
tree of prime degree isogenies **ellisotree(E)**
a modular equation of prime degree N **ellmodulareqn(N)**

L-function

p -th coeff a_p of L -function, p prime **ellap(E, p)**
 k -th coeff a_k of L -function **ellak(E, k)**
 $L(E, s)$ (using less memory than **lfun**) **elllseries(E, s)**
 $L^{(r)}(E, 1)$ (using less memory than **lfun**) **elll1(E, r)**
a Heegner point on E of rank 1 **ellheegner(E)**
order of vanishing at 1 **ellanalyticrank(E, {eps})**
root number for $L(E, \cdot)$ at p **ellrootno(E, {p})**
modular parametrization of E **elltaniyama(E)**
degree of modular parametrization **ellmoddegree(E)**
compare with $H^1(X_0(N), \mathbf{Z})$ (for $E' \rightarrow E$) **ellweilcurve(E)**

p -adic L function $L_p^{(r)}(E, d, \chi^s)$ **ellpadicL(E, p, n, {s}, {r}, {d})**
BSD conjecture for $L_p^{(r)}(E_D, \chi^0)$ **ellpadicbsd(E, p, n, {D = 1})**
Iwasawa invariants for $L_p(E_D, \tau^i)$ **ellpadiclamdamu(E, p, D, i)**

Rational points

attempt to compute $E(\mathbf{Q})$ **ellrank(E, {effort}, {points})**
initialize for later **ellrank** calls, **ellrankinit(E)**
saturate $\langle P_1, \dots, P_n \rangle$ wrt. primes $\leq B$ **ellsaturation(E, P, B)**
2-covers of the curve E **ell12cover(E)**

Elldata package, Cremona's database:

db code "11a1" \leftrightarrow [*conductor, class, index*] **ellconvertname(s)**
generators of Mordell-Weil group **ellgenerators(E)**
look up E in database **ellidentify(E)**
all curves matching criterion **ellsearch(N)**
loop over curves with cond. from a to b **forell(E, a, b, seq)**

Curves over number field K

coeff a_p of L -function **ellap(E, p)**
Kodaira type of **p**-fiber of E **elllocalred(E, p)**
integral model of E/K **ellintegralmodel(E, {\&v})**
minimal model of E/K **ellminimalmodel(E, {\&v})**
minimal discriminant of E/K **ellminimaldisc(E)**
cond, min mod, Tamagawa num $[N, v, c]$ **ellglobalred(E)**
global Tamagawa number **elltamagawa(E)**
 $P \in E(K)$ n -divisible? $[n]Q = P$ **ellisdivisible(E, P, n, {\&Q})**

L-function

A domain $D = [c, w, h]$ in initialization mean we restrict $s \in \mathbf{C}$ to domain $|\Re(s) - c| < w, |\Im(s)| < h$; $D = [w, h]$ encodes $[1/2, w, h]$ and $[h]$ encodes $D = [1/2, 0, h]$ (critical line up to height h).
vector of first n a_k 's in L -function **ellan(E, n)**
init $L^{(k)}(E, s)$ for $k \leq n$ **L = lfunit(E, D, {n = 0})**
compute $L(E, s)$ (n -th derivative) **lfun(L, s, {n = 0})**
 $L(E, 1, r)/(r! \cdot R \cdot \#Sha)$ assuming BSD **ellbsd(E)**

Other curves of small genus

A hyperelliptic curve C is given by a pair $[P, Q]$ ($y^2 + Qy = P$ with $Q^2 + 4P$ squarefree) or a single squarefree polynomial P ($y^2 = P$).
check if $[x, y]$ is on C **hyperellisoncurve(C, [x, y])**
discriminant of C **hyperelldisc(C)**
Cremona-Stoll reduction **hyperellred(C)**
apply $m = [e, [a, b; c, d], H]$ to model **hyperellchangecurve(C, m)**
minimal discriminant of integral C **hyperellminimaldisc(C)**
minimal model of integral C **hyperellminimalmodel(C)**
reduction of $y^2 + Qy = P$ (genus 2) **genus2red(C, {p})**
affine rational points of height $\leq h$ **hyperellratpoints(C, h)**
find a rational point on a conic, ${}^t xGx = 0$ **qfsolve(G)**
 $[H, U]$ such that $H = cU^tGU$ has minimat def **qfminimize(G)**
quadratic Hilbert symbol (at p) **hilbert(x, y, {p})**
all solutions in \mathbf{Q}^3 of ternary form **qfparam(G, x)**
 $P, Q \in \mathbf{F}_q[X]$; char. poly. of Frobenius **hyperellcharpoly(Q)**
matrix of Frobenius on $\mathbf{Q}_p \otimes H_{dR}^1$ **hyperellpadicfrobenius**

Elliptic & Modular Functions

$w = [\omega_1, \omega_2]$ or *ell* struct (**E.omega**), $\tau = \omega_1/\omega_2$.
arithmetic-geometric mean **agm(x, y)**
elliptic j -function $1/q + 744 + \dots$ **ellj(x)**
Weierstrass $\sigma/\wp/\zeta$ function **ellsigma(w, z), ellwp, ellzeta**
periods/quasi-periods **ellperiods(E, {\flag}), elleta(w)**
 $(2i\pi/\omega_2)^k E_k(\tau)$ **elleisnum(w, k, {\flag})**
modified Dedekind η func. $\prod(1 - q^n)$ **eta(x, {\flag})**
Dedekind sum $s(h, k)$ **sumdedekind(h, k)**
Jacobi sine theta function **theta(q, z)**
 k -th derivative at $z=0$ of $\theta(q, z)$ **thetanullk(q, k)**
Weber's f functions **weber(x, {\flag})**
modular pol. of level N **polmodular(N, {\inv = j})**
Hilbert class polynomial for $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$ **polclass(D, {\inv = j})**

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Send comments and corrections to (Karim.Belabas@math.u-bordeaux.fr)