

# PARI-GP Reference Card

(PARI-GP version 2.3.0)

Note: optional arguments are surrounded by braces {}.

## Starting & Stopping GP

to enter GP, just type its name:  
to exit GP, type

gp  
\q or quit

## Help

describe function  
extended description  
list of relevant help topics

?function  
??keyword  
??pattern

## Input/Output & Defaults

output previous line, the lines before  
output from line  $n$   
separate multiple statements on line  
extend statement on additional lines  
extend statements on several lines  
comment  
one-line comment, rest of line ignored  
set default  $d$  to  $val$   
mimic behaviour of GP 1.39

default({ $d$ },{ $val$ },{ $flag$ )  
default(compatible,3)

## Metacommands

toggle timer on/off  
print time for last result  
print %n in raw format  
print %n in pretty format  
print defaults  
set debug level to  $n$   
set memory debug level to  $n$   
enable/disable logfile  
print %n in pretty matrix format  
set output mode (raw, default, prettyprint)  
set  $n$  significant digits  
set  $n$  terms in series  
quit GP  
print the list of PARI types  
print the list of user-defined functions  
read file into GP  
write %n to file

#  
##  
\a n  
\b n  
\d  
\g n  
\gm n  
\l {filename}  
\m  
\o n  
\p n  
\ps n  
\q  
\t  
\u  
\r filename  
\w n filename

## GP Within Emacs

to enter GP from within Emacs:  
word completion  
help menu window  
describe function  
display TeX'd PARI manual  
set prompt string  
break line at column 100, insert \  
PARI metacommand \letter

M-x gp, C-u M-x gp  
<TAB>  
M-\c  
M-?  
M-x gpman  
M-\p  
M-\\  
M-\letter

## Reserved Variable Names

$\pi = 3.14159\dots$   
Euler's constant = .57721\dots  
square root of -1  
big-oh notation

Pi  
Euler  
I  
O

## PARI Types & Input Formats

t\_INT. Integers  
t\_REAL. Real Numbers  
t\_INTMOD. Integers modulo  $m$   
t\_FRAC. Rational Numbers  
t\_COMPLEX. Complex Numbers  
t\_PADIC.  $p$ -adic Numbers  
t\_QUAD. Quadratic Numbers  
t\_POLMOD. Polynomials modulo  $g$   
t\_POL. Polynomials  
t\_SER. Power Series  
t\_QFI/t\_QFR. Imag/Real bin. quad. forms Qfb( $a, b, c, \{d\}$ )  
t\_RFRAC. Rational Functions  
t\_VEC/t\_COL. Row/Column Vectors  
t\_MAT. Matrices  
t\_LIST. Lists  
t\_STR. Strings

$\pm n$   
 $\pm n.ddd$   
Mod( $n, m$ )  
 $n/m$   
 $x + y * \mathbb{I}$   
 $x + 0(p^k)$   
 $x + y * \text{quadgen}(D)$   
Mod( $f, g$ )  
 $a * x^n + \dots + b$   
 $f + 0(x^k)$   
Qfb( $a, b, c, \{d\}$ )  
 $f/g$   
[ $x, y, z$ ], [ $x, y, z$ ]~  
[ $x, y, z; t; u, v$ ]  
List([ $x, y, z$ ])  
"aaa"

## Standard Operators

basic operations  
 $i=i+1, i=i-1, i=i*j, \dots$   
euclidean quotient, remainder  
shift  $x$  left or right  $n$  bits  
comparison operators  
boolean operators (or, and, not)  
sign of  $x = -1, 0, 1$   
maximum/minimum of  $x$  and  $y$   
integer or real factorial of  $x$   
derivative of  $f$  w.r.t.  $x$

+, -, \*, /, ^  
i++, i--, i=j, ...  
 $x \backslash y, x \backslash\backslash y, x \% y, \text{divrem}(x, y)$   
 $x \ll n, x \gg n$  or shift( $x, n$ )  
 $\leq, <, \geq, >, ==, !=$   
||, &&, !  
sign( $x$ )  
max, min( $x, y$ )  
 $x!$  or factorial( $x$ )  
 $f'$

## Conversions

Change Objects  
to vector, matrix, set, list, string  
create PARI object ( $x \bmod y$ )  
make  $x$  a polynomial of  $v$   
as above, starting with constant term  
make  $x$  a power series of  $v$   
PARI type of object  $x$   
object  $x$  with precision  $n$   
evaluate  $f$  replacing vars by their value

Col/Vec,Mat,Set,List,Str  
Mod( $x, y$ )  
Pol( $x, \{v\}$ )  
Polrev( $x, \{v\}$ )  
Ser( $x, \{v\}$ )  
type( $x, \{t\}$ )  
prec( $x, \{n\}$ )  
eval( $f$ )

## Select Pieces of an Object

length of  $x$   
 $n$ -th component of  $x$   
 $n$ -th component of vector/list  $x$   
( $m, n$ )-th component of matrix  $x$   
row  $m$  or column  $n$  of matrix  $x$   
numerator of  $x$   
lowest denominator of  $x$

# $x$  or length( $x$ )  
component( $x, n$ )  
 $x[n]$   
 $x[m, n]$   
 $x[m, \dots, n]$   
numerator( $x$ )  
denominator( $x$ )

## Conjugates and Lifts

conjugate of a number  $x$   
conjugate vector of algebraic number  $x$   
norm of  $x$ , product with conjugate  
square of  $L^2$  norm of vector  $x$   
lift of  $x$  from Mods

conj( $x$ )  
conjvec( $x$ )  
norm( $x$ )  
norml2( $x$ )  
lift, centerlift( $x$ )

## Random Numbers

random integer between 0 and  $N - 1$   
get random seed  
set random seed to  $s$

random({ $N$ })  
getrand()  
setrand( $s$ )

## Lists, Sets & Sorting

sort  $x$  by  $k$ th component  
Sets (= row vector of strings with strictly increasing entries)  
intersection of sets  $x$  and  $y$   
set of elements in  $x$  not belonging to  $y$   
union of sets  $x$  and  $y$   
look if  $y$  belongs to the set  $x$

Lists

create empty list of maximal length  $n$   
delete all components of list  $l$   
append  $x$  to list  $l$   
insert  $x$  in list  $l$  at position  $i$   
sort the list  $l$

## Programming & User Functions

Control Statements ( $X$ : formal parameter in expression seq)  
eval. seq for  $a \leq X \leq b$   
eval. seq for  $X$  dividing  $n$   
eval. seq for primes  $a \leq X \leq b$   
eval. seq for  $a \leq X \leq b$  stepping  $s$   
multivariable for  
if  $a \neq 0$ , evaluate seq<sub>1</sub>, else seq<sub>2</sub>  
evaluate seq until  $a \neq 0$   
while  $a \neq 0$ , evaluate seq  
exit  $n$  innermost enclosing loops  
start new iteration of  $n$ th enclosing loop  
return  $x$  from current subroutine  
error recovery (try seq<sub>1</sub>)

## Input/Output

prettyprint args with/without newline  
print args with/without newline  
read a string from keyboard  
reorder priority of variables  $x, y, z$   
output args in TeX format  
write args to file  
read file into GP

printp(), printp1()  
print(), print1()  
input()  
reorder({[ $x, y, z$ ]}))

printtex(args)  
write, write1, writetex(file, args)  
read({file})

Interface with User and System

allocates a new stack of  $s$  bytes  
execute system command  $a$   
as above, feed result to GP  
install function from library  
alias old to new

new name of function  $f$  in GP 2.0  
alias(new, old)  
whatnow( $f$ )

## User Defined Functions

name(formal vars) = local(local vars); seq  
struct.member = seq

kill value of variable or function  $x$   
declare global variables

kill( $x$ )  
global( $x, \dots$ )

Iterations, Sums & Products

numerical integration  
sum expr over divisors of  $n$   
sum  $X = a$  to  $X = b$ , initialized at  $x$   
sum of series expr  
sum of alternating/positive series  
product  $a \leq X \leq b$ , initialized at  $x$   
product over primes  $a \leq X \leq b$   
infinite product  $a \leq X \leq \infty$   
real root of expr between  $a$  and  $b$

## Vectors & Matrices

dimensions of matrix  $x$   
concatenation of  $x$  and  $y$   
extract components of  $x$   
transpose of vector or matrix  $x$   
adjoint of the matrix  $x$   
eigenvectors of matrix  $x$   
characteristic polynomial of  $x$   
minimal polynomial of  $x$   
trace of matrix  $x$

**Constructors & Special Matrices**

row vec. of  $expr$  eval'ed at  $1 \leq i \leq n$      $\text{vector}(n, \{i\}, \{\text{expr}\})$   
col. vec. of  $expr$  eval'ed at  $1 \leq i \leq n$      $\text{vectorv}(n, \{i\}, \{\text{expr}\})$   
matrix  $1 \leq i \leq m, 1 \leq j \leq n$      $\text{matrix}(m, n, \{i\}, \{j\}, \{\text{expr}\})$   
diagonal matrix whose diag. is  $x$      $\text{matdiagonal}(x)$   
 $n \times n$  identity matrix     $\text{matid}(n)$   
Hessenberg form of square matrix  $x$      $\text{mathess}(x)$   
 $n \times n$  Hilbert matrix  $H_{ij} = (i + j - 1)^{-1}$      $\text{mathilbert}(n)$   
 $n \times n$  Pascal triangle  $P_{ij} = \binom{i}{j}$      $\text{matpascal}(n - 1)$   
companion matrix to polynomial  $x$      $\text{matcompanion}(x)$

## Gaussian elimination

determinant of matrix  $x$   
kernel of matrix  $x$   
intersection of column spaces of  $x$  and  $y$   
solve  $M * X = B$  ( $M$  invertible)  
as solve, modulo  $D$  (col. vector)  
one sol of  $M * X = B$   
basis for image of matrix  $x$   
supplement columns of  $x$  to get basis  
rows, cols to extract invertible matrix  
rank of the matrix  $x$

**matdet**( $x$ , flag)  
**matker**( $x$ , flag)  
**matintersect**( $x, y$ )  
**matsolve**( $M, B$ )  
**matsolvemod**( $M, D, B$ )  
**matinverseimage**( $M, B$ )  
**matimage**( $x$ )  
**matsupplement**( $x$ )  
**matindexrank**( $x$ )  
**matrank**( $x$ )

## Lattices & Quadratic Forms

upper triangular Hermite Normal Form  
HNF of  $x$  where  $d$  is a multiple of  $\det(x)$   
elementary divisors of  $x$   
LLL-algorithm applied to columns of  $x$   
like **qflll**,  $x$  is Gram matrix of lattice  
LLL-reduced basis for kernel of  $x$   
Z-lattice  $\longleftrightarrow$   $\mathbb{Q}$ -vector space  
signature of quad form  $t_y * x * y$   
decomp into squares of  $t_y * x * y$   
find up to  $m$  sols of  $t_y * x * y \leq b$   
 $v, v[i]$  := number of sols of  $t_y * x * y = i$   
eigenvals/eigenvecs for real symmetric  $x$

**mathnf**( $x$ )  
**mathnfmmod**( $x, d$ )  
**matsnf**( $x$ )  
**qflll**( $x$ , flag)  
**qflllgram**( $x$ , flag)  
**matkerint**( $x$ )  
**matrixqz**( $x, p$ )  
**qfsign**( $x$ )  
**qfgaussred**( $x$ )  
**qfminim**( $x, b, m$ )  
**qfrexp**( $x, B$ , flag)  
**qfjacobi**( $x$ )

## Formal & p-adic Series

truncate power series or  $p$ -adic number  
valuation of  $x$  at  $p$   
**Dirichlet and Power Series**  
Taylor expansion around 0 of  $f$  w.r.t.  $x$   
 $\sum a_k b_k t^k$  from  $\sum a_k t^k$  and  $\sum b_k t^k$   
 $f = \sum a_k * t^k$  from  $\sum (a_k / k!) * t^k$   
reverse power series  $F$  so  $F(f(x)) = x$   
Dirichlet series multiplication / division  
Dirichlet Euler product ( $b$  terms)     $\text{direuler}(p = a, b, \text{expr})$

**p-adic Functions**

Teichmuller character of  $x$   
Newton polygon of  $f$  for prime  $p$

**teichmuller**( $x$ )  
**newtonpoly**( $f, p$ )

## PARI-GP Reference Card

(PARI-GP version 2.3.0)

### Polynomials & Rational Functions

degree of  $f$   
coefficient of degree  $n$  of  $f$   
round coeffs of  $f$  to nearest integer  
gcd of coefficients of  $f$   
replace  $x$  by  $y$  in  $f$   
discriminant of polynomial  $f$   
resultant of  $f$  and  $g$   
as above, give  $[u, v, d], xu + yv = d$   
derivative of  $f$  w.r.t.  $x$   
formal integral of  $f$  w.r.t.  $x$   
reciprocal poly  $x^{\deg f} f(1/x)$   
interpol. pol. eval. at  $a$      $\text{polinterpolate}(X, \{Y\}, \{a\}, \{\&e\})$   
initialize  $t$  for Thue equation solver  
solve Thue equation  $f(x, y) = a$      $\text{thueinit}(f)$   
 $\text{thue}(t, a, \{\text{sol}\})$

### Roots and Factorization

number of real roots of  $f$ ,  $a < x \leq b$   
complex roots of  $f$   
symmetric powers of roots of  $f$  up to  $n$   
roots of  $f$  mod  $p$   
factor  $f$   
factorization of  $f$  mod  $p$   
factorization of  $f$  over  $\mathbf{F}_{p^a}$   
 $p$ -adic fact. of  $f$  to prec.  $r$   
 $p$ -adic roots of  $f$  to prec.  $r$   
 $p$ -adic root of  $f$  cong. to  $a$  mod  $p$   
Newton polygon of  $f$  for prime  $p$

**polsturm**( $f, \{a\}, \{b\})$   
**polroots**( $f$ )  
**polsym**( $f, n$ )  
**polrootsmod**( $f, p$ , flag)  
**factor**( $f, \{\text{lim}\})$   
**factormod**( $f, p$ , flag)  
**factoroff**( $f, p, a$ )  
**factorpadic**( $f, p, r$ , flag)  
**polrootspadic**( $f, p, r$ )  
**padicappr**( $f, a$ )  
**newtonpoly**( $f, p$ )

### Special Polynomials

$n$ th cyclotomic polynomial in var.  $v$   
 $d$ -th degree subfield of  $\mathbb{Q}(\zeta_n)$   
 $n$ -th Legendre polynomial  
 $n$ -th Tchebicheff polynomial  
Zagier's polynomial of index  $n, m$

**polcyclo**( $n, \{v\})$   
**polsubcyclo**( $n, d, \{v\})$   
**pollegendre**( $n$ )  
**poltchebi**( $n$ )  
**polzagier**( $n, m$ )

### Transcendental Functions

real, imaginary part of  $x$   
absolute value, argument of  $x$   
square/nth root of  $x$   
trig functions  
inverse trig functions  
hyperbolic functions  
inverse hyperbolic functions  
exponential of  $x$   
natural log of  $x$   
gamma function  $\Gamma(x) = \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^{x-1} dt$   
logarithm of gamma function  
 $\psi(x) = \Gamma'(x)/\Gamma(x)$   
incomplete gamma function ( $y = \Gamma(s)$ )  
exponential integral  $\int_x^\infty e^{-t}/t dt$   
error function  $2/\sqrt{\pi} \int_x^\infty e^{-t^2} dt$   
dilogarithm of  $x$   
 $m$ th polylogarithm of  $x$   
U-confluent hypergeometric function  
J-Bessel function  $J_{n+1/2}(x)$   
K-Bessel function of index  $nu$

**real**( $x$ ), **imag**( $x$ )  
**abs**( $x$ ), **arg**( $x$ )  
**sqrt**( $x$ ), **sqrtn**( $x, n, \&z$ )  
**sin**, **cos**, **tan**, **cotan**  
**asin**, **acos**, **atan**  
**sinh**, **cosh**, **tanh**  
**asinh**, **acosh**, **atanh**  
**exp**( $x$ )  
**ln**( $x$ ) or **log**( $x$ )  
**gamma**( $x$ )  
**lngamma**( $x$ )  
**psi**( $x$ )  
**incgam**( $s, x, \{y\})$   
**eint1**( $x$ )  
**erfc**( $x$ )  
**dilog**( $x$ )  
**polylog**( $m, x$ , flag)  
**hyperu**( $a, b, u$ )  
**besseljh**( $n, x$ )  
**bessellk**( $nu, x$ )

### Elementary Arithmetic Functions

vector of binary digits of  $|x|$   
give bit number  $n$  of integer  $x$   
ceiling of  $x$   
floor of  $x$   
fractional part of  $x$   
round  $x$  to nearest integer  
truncate  $x$   
gcd/LCM of  $x$  and  $y$   
gcd of entries of a vector/matrix

**binary**( $x$ )  
**bittest**( $x, n$ )  
**ceil**( $x$ )  
**floor**( $x$ )  
**frac**( $x$ )  
**round**( $x, \{\&e\})$   
**truncate**( $x, \{\&e\})$   
**gcd**( $x, y$ ), **lcm**( $x, y$ )  
**content**( $x$ )

### Primes and Factorization

add primes in  $v$  to the prime table  
the  $n$ th prime  
vector of first  $n$  primes  
smallest prime  $\geq x$   
largest prime  $\leq x$   
factorization of  $x$   
reconstruct  $x$  from its factorization

### Divisors

number of distinct prime divisors  
number of prime divisors with mult  
number of divisors of  $x$   
row vector of divisors of  $x$   
sum of ( $k$ -th powers of) divisors of  $x$

### Special Functions and Numbers

binomial coefficient  $\binom{x}{y}$   
Bernoulli number  $B_n$  as real  
Bernoulli vector  $B_0, B_2, \dots, B_{2n}$   
 $n$ th Fibonacci number  
number of partitions of  $n$   
Euler  $\phi$ -function  
Möbius  $\mu$ -function  
Hilbert symbol of  $x$  and  $y$  (at  $p$ )  
Kronecker-Legendre symbol  $(\frac{x}{y})$

### Miscellaneous

integer or real factorial of  $x$   
integer square root of  $x$   
solve  $z \equiv x$  and  $z \equiv y$   
minimal  $u, v$  so  $xu + yv = \gcd(x, y)$   
bezout( $x, y$ )  
znorder( $x, \{o\}$ )  
znprimroot( $q$ )  
znstar( $n$ )  
**contfrac**( $x, \{b\}, \{lmax\})$   
**contfracpnqn**( $x$ )  
bestappr( $x, k$ )

### True-False Tests

is  $x$  the disc. of a quadratic field?  
is  $x$  a prime?  
is  $x$  a strong pseudo-prime?  
is  $x$  square-free?  
is  $x$  a square?  
is  $pol$  irreducible?

**isfundamental**( $x$ )  
**isprime**( $x$ )  
**ispseudoprime**( $x$ )  
**issquarefree**( $x$ )  
**Z\_issquare**( $x, \{\&n\}$ )  
**polisirreducible**( $pol$ )

Based on an earlier version by Joseph H. Silverman

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# PARI-GP Reference Card (2)

(PARI-GP version 2.3.0)

## Elliptic Curves

Elliptic curve initially given by 5-tuple  $E = [a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_6]$ . Points are  $[x, y]$ , the origin is  $[0]$ . Initialize elliptic struct.  $ell$ , i.e create  $\text{ellinit}(E, flag)$

$a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_6, b_2, b_4, b_6, b_8, c_4, c_6, disc, j$ . This data can be recovered by typing  $ell.a1, \dots, ell.j$ . If  $fl$  omitted, also  $E$  defined over  $\mathbf{R}$

$x$ -coords. of points of order 2	$\text{ell.roots}$
real and complex periods	$\text{ell.omega}$
associated quasi-periods	$\text{ell.eta}$
volume of complex lattice	$\text{ell.area}$
$E$ defined over $\mathbf{Q}_p$ , $ j _p > 1$	
$x$ -coord. of unit 2 torsion point	$\text{ell.roots}$
Tate's $[u^2, u, q]$	$\text{ell.tate}$
Mestre's $w$	$\text{ell.w}$
change curve $E$ using $v = [u, r, s, t]$	$\text{ellchangecurve}(ell, v)$
change point $z$ using $v = [u, r, s, t]$	$\text{ellchangeppoint}(z, v)$
cond, min mod, Tamagawa num $[N, v, c]$	$\text{ellglobalred}(ell)$
Kodaira type of $p$ fiber of $E$	$\text{elllocalred}(ell, p)$
add points $z_1 + z_2$	$\text{elladd}(ell, z_1, z_2)$
subtract points $z_1 - z_2$	$\text{ellsub}(ell, z_1, z_2)$
compute $n \cdot z$	$\text{ellpow}(ell, z, n)$
check if $z$ is on $E$	$\text{ellisoncurve}(ell, z)$
order of torsion point $z$	$\text{ellorder}(ell, z)$
torsion subgroup with generators	$\text{elltors}(ell)$
$y$ -coordinates of point(s) for $x$	$\text{ellordinate}(ell, x)$
canonical bilinear form taken at $z_1, z_2$	$\text{ellbil}(ell, z_1, z_2)$
canonical height of $z$	$\text{ellheight}(ell, z, flag)$
height regulator matrix for pts in $x$	$\text{ellheightmatrix}(ell, x)$
$p$ th coeff $a_p$ of $L$ -function, $p$ prime	$\text{ellap}(ell, p)$
$k$ th coeff $a_k$ of $L$ -function	$\text{ellak}(ell, k)$
vector of first $n$ $a_k$ 's in $L$ -function	$\text{ellan}(ell, n)$
$L(E, s)$ , set $A \approx 1$	$\text{ellseries}(ell, s, \{A\})$
root number for $L(E, .)$ at $p$	$\text{ellrootno}(ell, \{p\})$
modular parametrization of $E$	$\text{elltaniyama}(ell)$
point $[\wp(z), \wp'(z)]$ corresp. to $z$	$\text{ellztopoint}(ell, z)$
complex $z$ such that $p = [\wp(z), \wp'(z)]$	$\text{ellpointtoz}(ell, p)$

## Elliptic & Modular Functions

arithmetic-geometric mean	$\text{agm}(x, y)$
elliptic $j$ -function $1/q + 744 + \dots$	$\text{ellj}(x)$
Weierstrass $\sigma$ function	$\text{ellsigma}(ell, z, flag)$
Weierstrass $\wp$ function	$\text{ellwp}(ell, \{z\}, flag)$
Weierstrass $\zeta$ function	$\text{ellzeta}(ell, z)$
modified Dedekind $\eta$ func. $\prod(1 - q^n)$	$\text{eta}(x, flag)$
Jacobi sine theta function	$\text{theta}(q, z)$
$k$ -th derivative at $z=0$ of $\text{theta}(q, z)$	$\text{thetanullk}(q, k)$
Weber's $f$ functions	$\text{weber}(x, flag)$
Riemann's zeta $\zeta(s) = \sum n^{-s}$	$\text{zeta}(s)$

## Graphic Functions

crude graph of $expr$ between $a$ and $b$	$\text{plot}(X = a, b, expr)$
<b>High-resolution plot</b> (immediate plot)	
plot $expr$ between $a$ and $b$	$\text{plot(X = a, b, expr, flag, \{n\})}$
plot points given by lists $lx, ly$	$\text{plotraw}(lx, ly, flag)$
terminal dimensions	$\text{plotsizes}()$
<b>Rectwindow functions</b>	
init window $w$ , with size $x, y$	$\text{plotinit}(w, x, y)$
erase window $w$	$\text{plotkill}(w)$
copy $w$ to $w_2$ with offset $(dx, dy)$	$\text{plotcopy}(w, w_2, dx, dy)$
scale coordinates in $w$	$\text{plotscale}(w, x_1, x_2, y_1, y_2)$
plot $h$ in $w$	$\text{plotrecth}(w, X = a, b, expr, flag, \{n\})$
plot $h$ in $w$	$\text{plotrecthraw}(w, data, flag)$
draw window $w_1$ at $(x_1, y_1), \dots$	$\text{plotdraw}([[w_1, x_1, y_1], \dots])$
<b>Low-level Rectwindow Functions</b>	
set current drawing color in $w$ to $c$	$\text{plotcolor}(w, c)$
current position of cursor in $w$	$\text{plotcursor}(w)$
write $s$ at cursor's position	$\text{plotstring}(w, s)$
move cursor to $(x, y)$	$\text{plotmove}(w, x, y)$
move cursor to $(x + dx, y + dy)$	$\text{plotrmove}(w, dx, dy)$
draw a box to $(x_2, y_2)$	$\text{plotbox}(w, x_2, y_2)$
draw a box to $(x + dx, y + dy)$	$\text{plotrbox}(w, dx, dy)$
draw polygon	$\text{plotlines}(w, lx, ly, flag)$
draw points	$\text{plotpoints}(w, lx, ly)$
draw line to $(x + dx, y + dy)$	$\text{plotrline}(w, dx, dy)$
draw point $(x + dx, y + dy)$	$\text{plotrpoint}(w, dx, dy)$
<b>Postscript Functions</b>	
as $\text{plot}$	$\text{psplot}(X = a, b, expr, flag, \{n\})$
as $\text{plotraw}$	$\text{psplotraw}(lx, ly, flag)$
as $\text{plotdraw}$	$\text{psdraw}([[w_1, x_1, y_1], \dots])$

## Binary Quadratic Forms

create $ax^2 + bxy + cy^2$ (distance $d$ )	$\text{Qfb}(a, b, c, \{d\})$
reduce $x$ ( $s = \sqrt{D}$ , $l = \lfloor s \rfloor$ )	$\text{qfbred}(x, flag, \{D\}, \{l\}, \{s\})$
composition of forms	$x * y$ or $\text{qfbnocomp}(x, y, l)$
$n$ -th power of form	$x^n$ or $\text{qfbnupow}(x, n)$
composition without reduction	$\text{qfbcompraw}(x, y)$
$n$ -th power without reduction	$\text{qfbpowraw}(x, n)$
prime form of disc. $x$ above prime $p$	$\text{qfbprimeform}(x, p)$
class number of disc. $x$	$\text{qfbclassno}(x)$
Hurwitz class number of disc. $x$	$\text{qfbhclassno}(x)$

## Quadratic Fields

quadratic number $\omega = \sqrt{x}$ or $(1 + \sqrt{x})/2$	$\text{quadgen}(x)$
minimal polynomial of $\omega$	$\text{quadpoly}(x)$
discriminant of $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$	$\text{quaddisc}(x)$
regulator of real quadratic field	$\text{quadregulator}(x)$
fundamental unit in real $\mathbf{Q}(x)$	$\text{quadunit}(x)$
class group of $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$	$\text{quadclassunit}(D, flag, \{t\})$
Hilbert class field of $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$	$\text{quadhilbert}(D, flag)$
ray class field modulo $f$ of $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$	$\text{quadray}(D, f, flag)$

## General Number Fields: Initializations

A number field  $K$  is given by a monic irreducible  $f \in \mathbf{Z}[X]$ .

init number field structure  $nf$

$\text{nfinit}(f, flag)$

### nf members:

polynomial defining $nf$ , $f(\theta) = 0$	$nf.pol$
number of real/complex places	$nf.r1, nf.r2$
discriminant of $nf$	$nf.disc$
$T_2$ matrix	$nf.t2$
vector of roots of $f$	$nf.roots$
integral basis of $\mathbf{Z}_K$ as powers of $\theta$	$nf.zk$
different	$nf.diff$
codifferent	$nf.codiff$
recompute $nf$ using current precision	$\text{nfnewprec}(nf)$
init relative $rnf$ given by $g = 0$ over $K$	$\text{rnfinit}(nf, g)$
init $bnf$ structure	$\text{bnfinit}(f, flag)$

### bnf members:

same as $nf$ , plus	
underlying $nf$	$bnf.nf$
classgroup	$bnf.clgp$
regulator	$bnf.reg$
fundamental units	$bnf.fu$
torsion units	$bnf.tu$
$[tu, fu]$	$bnf.tufu$
compute a $bnf$ from small $bnf$	$\text{bnfmake}(sbnf)$
add $S$ -class group and units, yield $bnf$	$\text{bnfsunit}(nf, S)$
init class field structure $bnr$	$\text{bnrinits}(bnf, m, flag)$

### bnr members:

same as $bnf$ , plus	
underlying $bnf$	$bnr.bnff$
structure of $(\mathbf{Z}_K/m)^*$	$bnr.zkst$

## Simple Arithmetic Invariants (nf)

Elements are rational numbers, polynomials, polmods, or column vectors (on integral basis  $nf.zk$ ).  
 integral basis of field def. by  $f = 0$   
 field discriminant of field  $f = 0$   
 reverse polmod  $a = A(X) \bmod T(X)$   
 Galois group of field  $f = 0$ , deg  $f \leq 11$   
 smallest poly defining  $f = 0$   
 small polys defining subfields of  $f = 0$   
 small polys defining suborders of  $f = 0$   
 poly of degree  $\leq k$  with root  $x \in \mathbf{C}$   
 small linear rel. on coords of vector  $x$   
 are fields  $f = 0$  and  $g = 0$  isomorphic?  
 is field  $f = 0$  a subfield of  $g = 0$ ?  
 composition of  $f = 0, g = 0$        $\text{polcompositum}(f, g, \text{flag})$   
 basic element operations (prefix  $\text{nfelt}$ ):

( $\text{nfelt}$ )mul, pow, div, diveuc, mod, divrem, val  
 express  $x$  on integer basis       $\text{nfalglobasis}(nf, x)$   
 express element  $x$  as a polmod       $\text{nfbasioalg}(nf, x)$   
 quadratic Hilbert symbol (at  $p$ )       $\text{nfhilbert}(nf, a, b, \{p\})$   
 roots of  $g$  belonging to  $nf$   
 factor  $g$  in  $nf$   
 factor  $g$  mod prime  $pr$  in  $nf$   
 number of roots of unity in  $nf$   
 conjugates of a root  $\theta$  of  $nf$   
 apply Galois automorphism  $s$  to  $x$   
 subfields (of degree  $d$ ) of  $nf$   
**Dedekind Zeta Function**  $\zeta_K$   
 $\zeta_K$  as Dirichlet series,  $N(I) < b$   
 init  $nfz$  for field  $f = 0$   
 compute  $\zeta_K(s)$   
 Artin root number of  $K$        $\text{bnrrootnumber}(bnr, chi, \text{flag})$

## Class Groups & Units (bnf, bnr)

$a_1, \{a_2\}, \{a_3\}$  usually  $bnr, subgp$  or  $bnf, module, \{subgp\}$   
 remove GRH assumption from  $bnf$        $\text{bnfcertify}(bnf)$   
 expo. of ideal  $x$  on class gp       $\text{bnfisprincipal}(bnf, x, \text{flag})$   
 expo. of ideal  $x$  on ray class gp       $\text{bnrisprincipal}(bnr, x, \text{flag})$   
 expo. of  $x$  on fund. units  
 as above for  $S$ -units  
 fundamental units of  $bnf$   
 signs of real embeddings of  $bnf.fu$

**Class Field Theory**

ray class group structure for mod.  $m$        $\text{bnrclass}(bnf, m, \text{flag})$   
 ray class number for mod.  $m$        $\text{bnrclassno}(bnf, m)$   
 discriminant of class field ext       $\text{bnrdisc}(a_1, \{a_2\}, \{a_3\})$   
 ray class numbers,  $l$  list of mods       $\text{bnrclassnolist}(bnf, l)$   
 discriminants of class fields       $\text{bnrdisclist}(bnf, l, \{\text{arch}\}, \text{flag})$   
 decode output from  $\text{bnrdisclist}$        $\text{bnfdecodemodule}(nf, fa)$   
 is modulus the conductor?       $\text{bnrisconductor}(a_1, \{a_2\}, \{a_3\})$   
 conductor of character  $chi$        $\text{bnrconductorofchar}(bnr, chi)$   
 conductor of extension       $\text{bnrconductor}(a_1, \{a_2\}, \{a_3\}, \text{flag})$   
 conductor of extension def. by  $g$        $\text{rnfconductor}(bnf, g)$   
 Artin group of ext. def'd by  $g$        $\text{rnfnormgroup}(bnr, g)$   
 subgroups of  $bnr$ , index  $\leq b$        $\text{subgrouplist}(bnr, b, \text{flag})$   
 rel. eq. for class field def'd by  $sub$        $\text{rnfkummer}(bnr, sub, \{d\})$   
 same, using Stark units (real field)       $\text{bnrstark}(bnr, sub, \text{flag})$

## PARI-GP Reference Card (2)

(PARI-GP version 2.3.0)

### Ideals

Ideals are elements, primes, or matrix of generators in HNF.  
 is  $id$  an ideal in  $nf$ ?       $\text{nfisideal}(nf, id)$   
 is  $x$  principal in  $bnf$ ?       $\text{bnfisprincipal}(bnf, x)$   
 principal ideal generated by  $x$   
 principal idele generated by  $x$   
 give  $[a, b]$ , s.t.  $a\mathbf{Z}_K + b\mathbf{Z}_K = x$   
 put ideal  $a$  ( $a\mathbf{Z}_K + b\mathbf{Z}_K$ ) in HNF form  
 norm of ideal  $x$   
 minimum of ideal  $x$  (direction  $v$ )  
 LLL-reduce the ideal  $x$  (direction  $v$ )

### Ideal Operations

add ideals  $x$  and  $y$   
 multiply ideals  $x$  and  $y$   
 intersection of ideals  $x$  and  $y$   
 $n$ -th power of ideal  $x$   
 inverse of ideal  $x$   
 divide ideal  $x$  by  $y$   
 Find  $(a, b) \in x \times y$ ,  $a + b = 1$

### Primes and Multiplicative Structure

factor ideal  $x$  in  $nf$   
 recover  $x$  from its factorization in  $nf$   
 decomposition of prime  $p$  in  $nf$   
 valuation of  $x$  at prime ideal  $pr$   
 weak approximation theorem in  $nf$   
 give  $bid$  = structure of  $(\mathbf{Z}_K/id)^*$   
 discrete log of  $x$  in  $(\mathbf{Z}_K/bid)^*$   
 idealstar of all ideals of norm  $\leq b$   
 add archimedean places  
 init prmod structure  
 kernel of matrix  $M$  in  $(\mathbf{Z}_K/pr)^*$        $\text{nfkermodpr}(nf, M, \text{prmod})$   
 solve  $Mx = B$  in  $(\mathbf{Z}_K/pr)^*$        $\text{nfsolvemodpr}(nf, M, B, \text{prmod})$

### Galois theory over $\mathbf{Q}$

initializes a Galois group structure       $\text{galoisinit}(pol, \{\text{den}\})$   
 action of  $p$  in  $\text{ngaloisconj}$  form       $\text{galoispermtopol}(G, \{p\})$   
 identifies as abstract group       $\text{galoisidentify}(G)$   
 exports a group for GAP or MAGMA       $\text{galoisexport}(G, \text{flag})$   
 subgroups of the Galois group  $G$        $\text{galoissubgroups}(G)$   
 subfields from subgroups of  $G$        $\text{galoissubfields}(G, \text{flag}, \{v\})$   
 fixed field       $\text{galoisfixedfield}(G, \text{perm}, \text{flag}, \{v\})$   
 is  $G$  abelian?       $\text{galoisisabelian}(G, \text{flag})$   
 abelian number fields       $\text{galoissubcyclo}(N, H, \text{flag}, \{v\})$

### Relative Number Fields (rnf)

Extension  $L/K$  is defined by  $g \in K[x]$ . We have  $order \subset L$ .  
 absolute equation of  $L$   
 relative  $\text{nfalglobasis}$   
 relative  $\text{nfbasioalg}$   
 relative  $\text{idealhnf}$   
 relative  $\text{idealmul}$   
 relative  $\text{idealtwoelt}$

### Lifts and Push-downs

absolute  $\rightarrow$  relative repres. for  $x$   
 relative  $\rightarrow$  absolute repres. for  $x$   
 lift  $x$  to the relative field  
 push  $x$  down to the base field  
 idem for  $x$  ideal: ( $\text{rnfideal}$ )reltoabs, abstore, up, down

### Projective $\mathbf{Z}_K$ -modules, maximal order

relative polred  
 relative polredabs  
 characteristic poly. of  $a$  mod  $g$   
 relative Dedekind criterion, prime  $pr$   
 discriminant of relative extension  
 pseudo-basis of  $\mathbf{Z}_L$   
 relative HNF basis of  $order$   
 reduced basis for  $order$   
 determinant of pseudo-matrix  $A$   
 Steinitz class of  $order$   
 is  $order$  a free  $\mathbf{Z}_K$ -module?  
 true basis of  $order$ , if it is free

### Norms

absolute norm of ideal  $x$   
 relative norm of ideal  $x$   
 solutions of  $N_K/\mathbf{Q}(y) = x \in \mathbf{Z}$   
 is  $x \in \mathbf{Q}$  a norm from  $K$ ?  
 initialize  $T$  for norm eq. solver  
 is  $a \in K$  a norm from  $L$ ?

Based on an earlier version by Joseph H. Silverman

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